Coral Aloe

Aloe striata



Coral Aloe in bloom
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Plant Height: 24 inches

Flower Height: 32 inches

Spread: 3 feet

Sunlight: ○

Hardiness Zone: 8b

Description:

A beautiful variety with broad and flat gray-green leaves that shows pinkish coloring in sun; produces racemes of coral-orange flower clusters in late winter to spring; a wonderful garden or container accent

Ornamental Features

Coral Aloe's attractive succulent sword-like leaves remain grayish green in color with hints of pink throughout the year on a plant with an upright spreading habit of growth. It features dainty racemes of coral-pink tubular flowers with orange overtones rising above the foliage from late winter to late spring.



Coral Aloe flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Landscape Attributes

Coral Aloe is an herbaceous evergreen perennial with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its wonderfully bold, coarse texture can be very effective in a balanced garden composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and usually looks its best without pruning, although it will tolerate pruning. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Spiny

Coral Aloe is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Rock/Alpine Gardens
- General Garden Use
- Container Planting

Planting & Growing

Coral Aloe will grow to be about 24 inches tall at maturity extending to 32 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 3 feet. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 40 years or more. As an evegreen perennial, this plant will typically keep its form and foliage year-round.

This plant should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers dry to average moisture levels with very well-drained soil, and will often die in standing water. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for a low-water garden or xeriscape application. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in sandy soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is not originally from North America. It can be propagated by division.



Coral Aloe
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Coral Aloe is a fine choice for the garden, but it is also a good selection for planting in outdoor pots and containers. With its upright habit of growth, it is best suited for use as a 'thriller' in the 'spiller-thriller-filler' container combination; plant it near the center of the pot, surrounded by smaller plants and those that spill over the edges. It is even sizeable enough that it can be grown alone in a suitable container. Note that when growing plants in outdoor containers and baskets, they may require more frequent waterings than they would in the yard or garden.